

The 2017 Federal Budget: What Employers Need To Know

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On March 22, 2017, the Trudeau Liberal Government tabled the Government's 2017 Federal Budget (the "Budget"). While the Budget is primarily focused on building a strong middle class through key areas, such as innovation, skills training, and investments in communities, there are a number of notable proposed amendments which, if passed, will significantly impact employers, and, in particular, federally regulated employers.

The Budget proposes various amendments to the Canada Labour Code which include the following:

- Provisions which will give federally regulated employees the right to request more flexible work arrangements from their employer, such as flexible start and finish times and the ability to work from home.
- A new unpaid leave for family responsibilities, to participate in traditional Indigenous practices, to seek care if they are victims of family violence, and to make bereavement leave more flexible.
- The elimination of unpaid internships in federally regulated sectors where the internships are not part of a formal educational program; and various measures to ensure that unpaid interns who are part of an educational program are entitled to various statutory protections, such as maximum hours of work, weekly days of rest, and general holidays.
- An increase of \$13 million over five years, starting in 2017, and \$2.5 million per year thereafter to strengthen compliance and enforcement mechanisms.

Various changes to employment insurance ("EI") benefits are also proposed, including:

- The creations of a new EI caregiving benefit of up to fifteen (15) weeks. The new benefit will cover a broader range of situations where individuals are providing care to an adult family member who requires significant support in order to recover from a critical illness or injury. Parents of critically ill children will continue to have access to up to 35 weeks of benefits, with additional flexibility to share these benefits with more family members.
- Changes to EI parental benefit to allow parents to choose to receive EI parental benefits over an extended period of up to eighteen (18) months at a lower benefit

rate of 33 percent of average weekly earnings, or at the existing benefit rate of 55 percent over a period of up to twelve (12) months.

- Changes to allow women to claim EI maternity benefits up to twelve (12) weeks before their due date. This represents an increase from the current standard of eight (8) weeks.
- Changes to the EI program to allow claimants to pursue self-funded training and still maintain their EI status. For unemployed workers in receipt of EI, this will mean that they can return to school to obtain training without losing their EI benefits.

To implement these measures, the 2017 Budget proposes to amend the Canada Labour Code to ensure that workers in federally regulated sectors have the job protection they need while they are receiving caregiving, parental or maternity benefits. Various changes to the Employment Insurance Act are also proposed.

Even if passed, the changes to the Employment Insurance Act and the additional benefits provided will not translate into job protected leave for provincially regulated employees unless concurrent changes are made to provincial employment standards legislation. No doubt, if these changes are passed and offer these additional benefits for federally regulated employees, we can expect that there will be added pressure on provincial governments to pass similar amendments and provide similar job protections.

Tax Changes

Compared to last year's budget, which included major increases to program spending and tax expenditures, this year's Budget has little new money for program spending or bold tax initiatives. There are no major changes for employers and employees, however a few points are noteworthy.

First, the Budget introduced a proposal with respect to the electronic distribution of the Statement of Remuneration Paid (T4) information returns ("T4 Slips"). This is a change that has come at the request of a number of employers and is welcome relief for many. The Budget proposes to allow employers to distribute T4 Slips electronically to current active employees without having to obtain express consent from those employees in advance. This will reduce compliance costs and increase efficiencies for employers, while at the same time, increasing convenience for employees. Employers will be required to have sufficient privacy safeguards and to provide paper T4 Slips in certain circumstances. This measure will apply in respect of T4 Slips issued for the 2017 and subsequent taxation years.

Second, the Budget proposes to eliminate the deduction of taxable benefits arising in respect of eligible home relocation loans. This increased tax cost is a change that employers and employees will have to consider when an employee is being relocated for business purposes. This measure will apply to benefits arising in the 2018 and subsequent taxation years.

Finally, there was a notable omission from the Budget, about which there had been much discussion in the days leading up to the Budget. As with last year's budget, this year's Budget did not include any amendments to the capital gains rates or the treatment of stock options. There is some speculation that these items may be addressed later in 2017 in a budget update or other announcement.

By

[Michelle S. Henry](#)

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BLG Offices

Calgary

Centennial Place, East Tower
520 3rd Avenue S.W.
Calgary, AB, Canada
T2P 0R3

T 403.232.9500
F 403.266.1395

Ottawa

World Exchange Plaza
100 Queen Street
Ottawa, ON, Canada
K1P 1J9

T 613.237.5160
F 613.230.8842

Vancouver

1200 Waterfront Centre
200 Burrard Street
Vancouver, BC, Canada
V7X 1T2

T 604.687.5744
F 604.687.1415

Montréal

1000 De La Gauchetière Street West
Suite 900
Montréal, QC, Canada
H3B 5H4

T 514.954.2555
F 514.879.9015

Toronto

Bay Adelaide Centre, East Tower
22 Adelaide Street West
Toronto, ON, Canada
M5H 4E3

T 416.367.6000
F 416.367.6749

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