

The iMessage and WhatsApp Trap: Compliance with record-keeping obligations in the BYOD era

October 21, 2022

The Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) recently announced sanctions against U.S. broker-dealers and an affiliated investment advisor for their failure to maintain and preserve records of business communications exchanged through text messages and other text messaging platforms such as WhatsApp. As a result, the SEC levied more than \$1.1 Billion in fines against major U.S. broker-dealers for their record-keeping violations.

What you need to know

- The SEC recently sanctioned broker-dealers and an affiliated investment advisor for their failure to maintain records of business communications exchanged on personal devices.
- The sanctioned firms agreed to pay combined penalties of more than \$1.1 billion and were required to improve their compliance policies and procedures.
- While Canadian Securities Regulators are also starting to tackle this issue, we expect that Canadian firms' record-keeping practices will attract increase scrutiny.

Background

On September 27, 2022, the SEC announced sanctions against 16 broker-dealers and one affiliated investment advisor for widespread and long-standing failures by the firms and their employees to maintain and preserve electronic communications. In an age where employees are permitted and/or encouraged to use their own devices for work-related activities (sometimes referred to as "bring your own device" or "BYOD"), these sanctions serve as a reminder that compliance with record-keeping rules applies beyond firm-issued devices, and firms must have policies in place to preserve all firm business-related communications, no matter where they are stored.

Between January 2018 and September 2021, the sanctioned firms' employees, including senior and junior investment bankers, as well as debt and equity traders,

BLG

routinely used their personal devices to communicate about business matters through text messages. The firms did not maintain records of the vast majority of these communications, in violation of U.S. federal securities laws. These violations impacted the SEC's ability to fulfill its mandate and conduct fulsome investigations into other potential securities violations. The sanctioned firms agreed to pay combined penalties of more than \$1.1 billion and were required to improve their compliance policies and procedures.

Canadian firms ' record-keeping obligations

While these sanctions were levied by a U.S. regulator, Canadian firms have similar record-keeping requirements. In Canada, National Instrument 31-103 (NI 31-103) and provincial securities legislation require market registrants to maintain proper records of their business activities, financial affairs, client transactions, and compliance with securities legislation.¹ The Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada and Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada impose further record-keeping requirements on registrants.²

For example, registrants' obligation to maintain adequate records of client transactions includes, among other things, an obligation to accurately and fully document transactions entered into on behalf of a client, including buy and sell transactions, referrals, margin transactions and any other activities relating to a client's account. Registrants are also expected to maintain records of all actions leading to trade execution, settlement and clearance, such as trades on exchanges, alternative trading systems, over-the-counter markets, debt markets, and distributions and trades in the prospectus-exempt market.

These obligations relate to the content of a communication - not its form. Therefore, registrants must maintain records of all forms of oral and written communications, which include but are not limited to text messages, instant messages, social media messages, voicemails, and voice notes, whether coming from a personal device or a firm-provided device.³

A failure to maintain proper records or otherwise maintain proper internal controls and systems in violation of Ontario securities laws can result in significant sanctions, including considerable fines.

In the absence of any further guidance by Canadian securities regulators, a policy precluding communication with clients by text messages may not be sufficient to comply with registrants' record-keeping obligations, as the record-keeping obligations are not limited to client communications.⁴ In the U.S., the SEC also took issue with internal text messages between employees relating to the broker-dealer's business, including investment strategy, discussions of meetings, and discussions about market colour, analysis, activity trends, and industry events.⁵

It may also be insufficient to implement a policy precluding the use of unapproved electronic communications methods, including on employees' personal devices, if there is no follow-up or review systems in place to determine whether employees are reasonably following the firm's policies.⁶

BLG

Canadian securities regulators are also tackling this issue. IIROC recently held that a Registered Representative's use of WhatsApp and Signal Messenger for business purposes, in contravention of her employer's policies and procedures, is not consistent with a registrant's obligation to observe high standards of conduct.⁷ However, the SEC's recent enforcement action against investment firms may signal that there is more come from Canadian securities regulators.

Key takeaways

This decision is a reminder that record-keeping obligations extend to any communications on personal devices. Policies prohibiting the taking of client instructions on personal devices may not be sufficient to meet regulators' expectations and comply with the rules. Firms should review their policies and procedures to ensure not only that they are sufficient to comply with record-keeping and perseveration obligations, but also that controls are in place for follow-up review.

³ See e.g. Ontario Securities Commission, "OSC Staff Notice 15-708: Enforcement Branch Document Production Guidance" (July 22, 2021). ⁴ Ontario Securities Commission, CP 31-103.

⁵ In the matter of Barclays Capital Inc, Order Instituting Administrative and Cease-And-Desist Proceedings, Pursuant to Sections 15(b) and 21C of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Making Findings, And Imposing Remedial Sanctions And A 6 Cease-And-Desist Order (September 27, 2022).

⁶ In the Matter of BofA Securities, Inc. and Merrill Lunch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Order Instituting Administrative and Cease-And-Desist Proceedings, Pursuant to Sections 15(b) and 21C of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Making Findings, And Imposing Remedial Sanctions And A Cease-And-Desist Order (September 27, 2022).

⁷ Re Sweeney, Settlement Agreement dated August 17, 2022; Re Barber, Statement of Allegations dated August 15, 2022.

By

David Di Paolo, Graham Splawski, Brianne Taylor

Expertise

Disputes

¹ See for example, Securities Act, RSO 1990, c S.5, s. 19(1); Securities Act, RSA 2000, c S-4, s. 60.1; Securities Act, CQLR, c V-1.1, s. 158; Securities Act, RSBC 1996, c S.3.1.1.

² IIROC Rule 3804; MFDA Rule No. 5.

BLG | Canada's Law Firm

As the largest, truly full-service Canadian law firm, Borden Ladner Gervais LLP (BLG) delivers practical legal advice for domestic and international clients across more practices and industries than any Canadian firm. With over 725 lawyers, intellectual property agents and other professionals, BLG serves the legal needs of businesses and institutions across Canada and beyond – from M&A and capital markets, to disputes, financing, and trademark & patent registration.

blg.com

BLG Offices

Calgary

Centennial Place, East Tower 520 3rd Avenue S.W. Calgary, AB, Canada T2P 0R3

T 403.232.9500 F 403.266.1395

Montréal

1000 De La Gauchetière Street West Suite 900 Montréal, QC, Canada H3B 5H4 T 514.954.2555 F 514.879.9015

Ottawa

World Exchange Plaza 100 Queen Street Ottawa, ON, Canada K1P 1J9 T 613.237.5160 F 613.230.8842

Toronto

Bay Adelaide Centre, East Tower 22 Adelaide Street West Toronto, ON, Canada M5H 4E3 T 416.367.6000 F 416.367.6749

Vancouver

1200 Waterfront Centre 200 Burrard Street Vancouver, BC, Canada V7X 1T2 T 604.687.5744 F 604.687.1415

The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to constitute legal advice, a complete statement of the law, or an opinion on any subject. No one should act upon it or refrain from acting without a thorough examination of the law after the facts of a specific situation are considered. You are urged to consult your legal adviser in cases of specific questions or concerns. BLG does not warrant or guarantee the accuracy, currency or completeness of this publication. No part of this publication may be reproduced without prior written permission of Borden Ladner Gervais LLP. If this publication was sent to you by BLG and you do not wish to receive further publications from BLG, you may ask to remove your contact information from our mailing lists by emailing <u>unsubscribe@blg.com</u> or manage your subscription preferences at <u>blg.com/MyPreferences</u>. If you feel you have received this message in error please contact <u>communications@blg.com</u>. BLG's privacy policy for publications may be found at <u>blg.com/en/privacy</u>.

© 2025 Borden Ladner Gervais LLP. Borden Ladner Gervais LLP is an Ontario Limited Liability Partnership.